# SYNTHESIS OF SEMI-RIGID-BIOBASED POLYESTERS FROM RENEWABLE FURANIC CYCLOBUTANE DIACID

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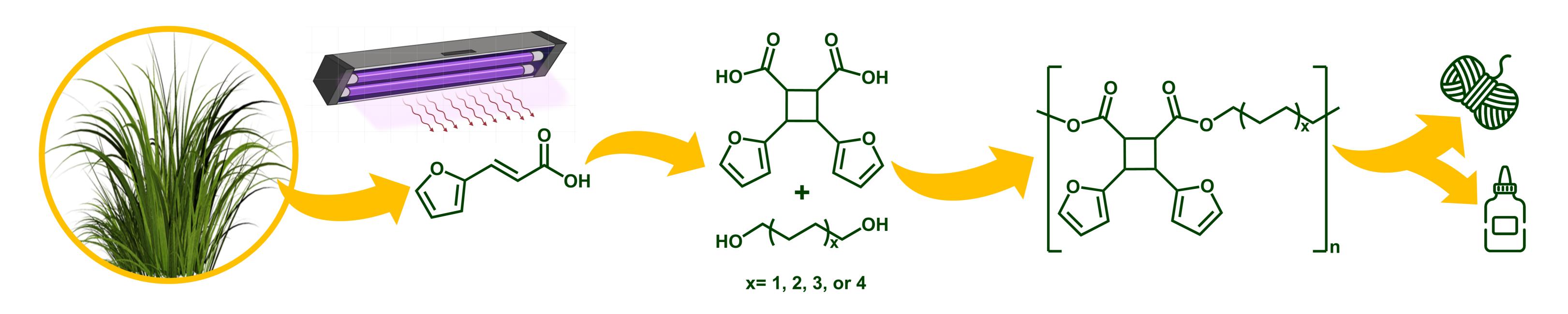
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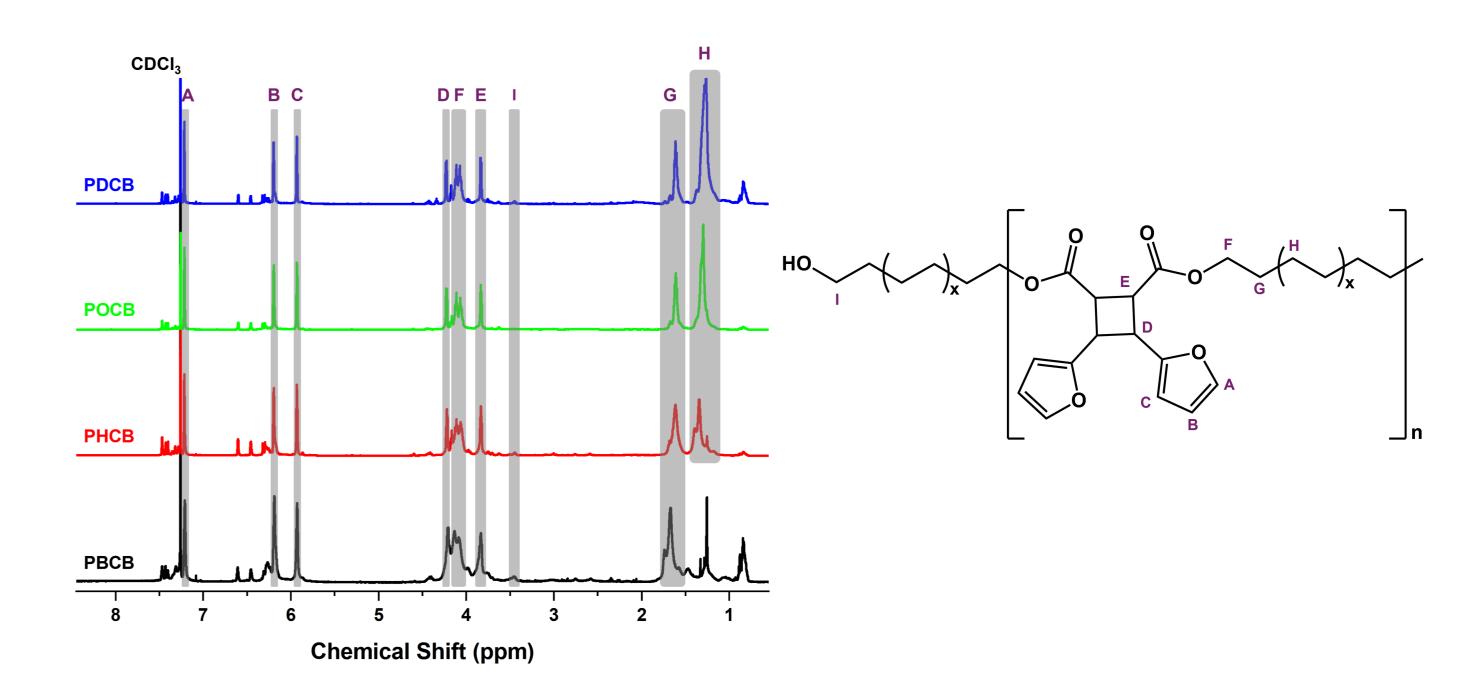
### Overview



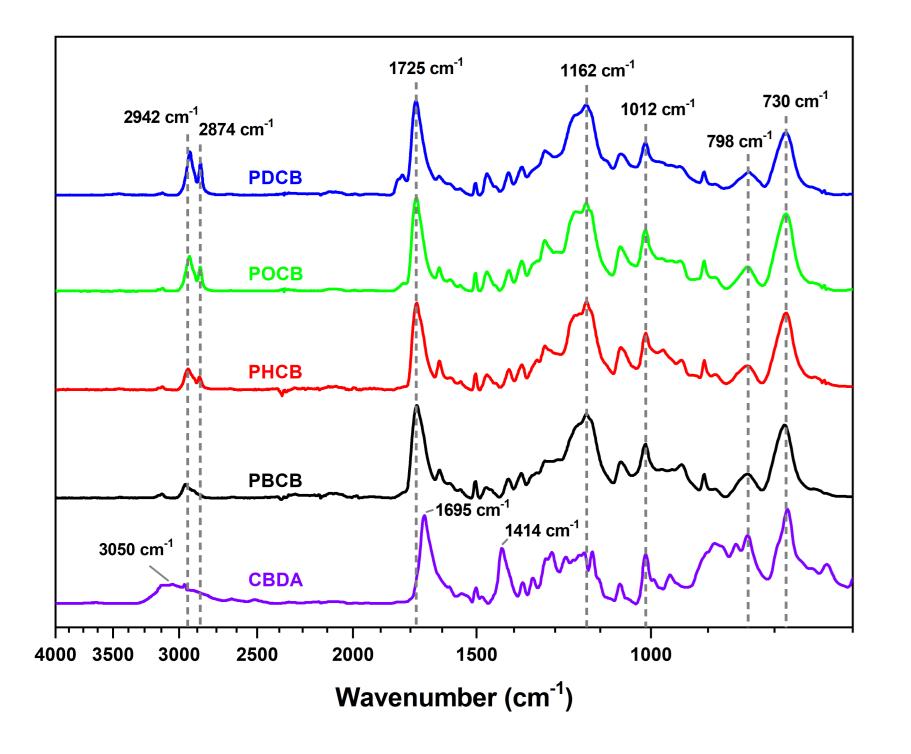
## Results & Discussion

Polyester	Sample code	Average yield (%)	$\overline{DP_n}$	$\overline{M_n}$ (g*mol <sup>-1</sup> )	T <sub>g</sub> (°C)	<i>T</i> <sub>d5%</sub> (°C)	τ <sub>d10%</sub> (°C)	τ <sub>d50%</sub> (°C)	Char (%)
Poly(butylene cyclobutane-1,2-dicarboxylate)	РВСВ	64.1	7	2 661	52	250	263	376	22.0
Poly(hexamethylene cyclobutane-1,2-dicarboxylate)	РНСВ	43.1	10	3 960	18	261	277	362	21.8
Poly(octamethylene cyclobutane-1,2-dicarboxylate)	РОСВ	66.3	28	11 225	10	263	278	379	18.6
Poly(decamethylene cyclobutane-1,2-dicarboxylate)	PDCB	61.6	12	5 406	6	267	284	388	18.2

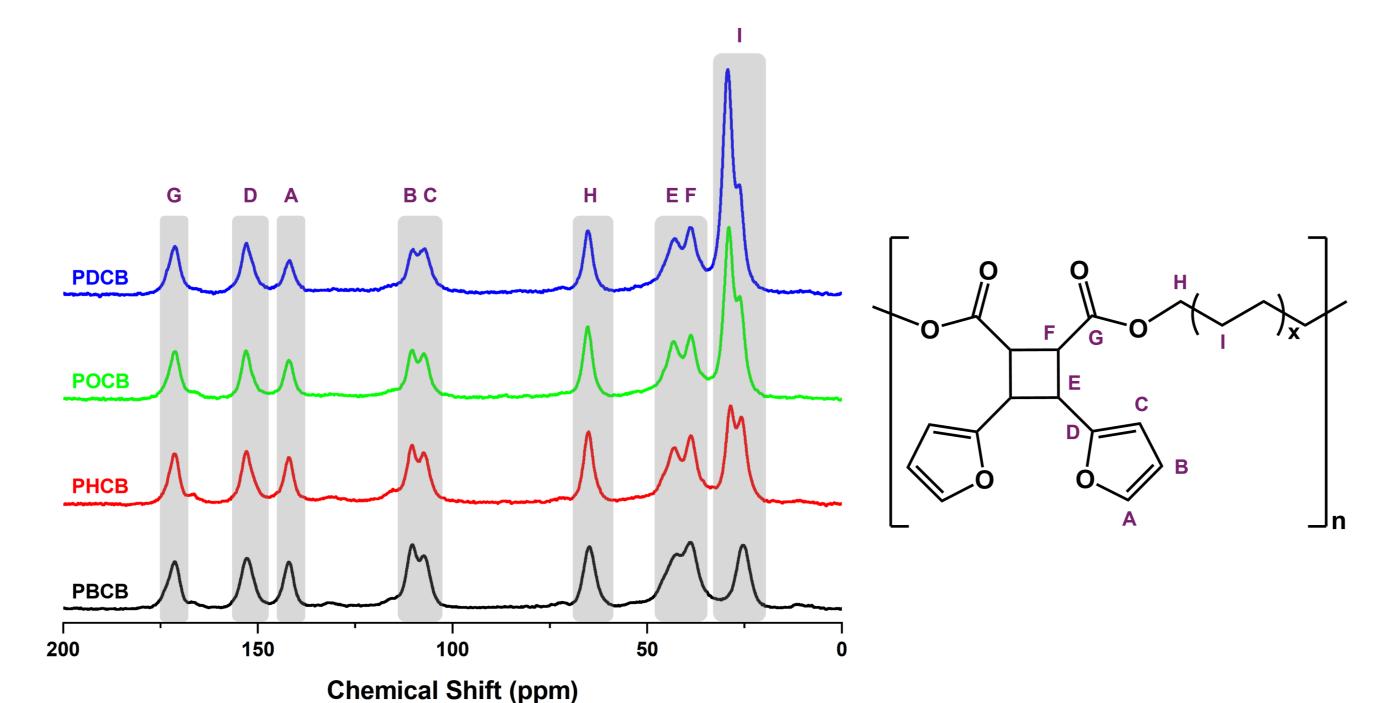




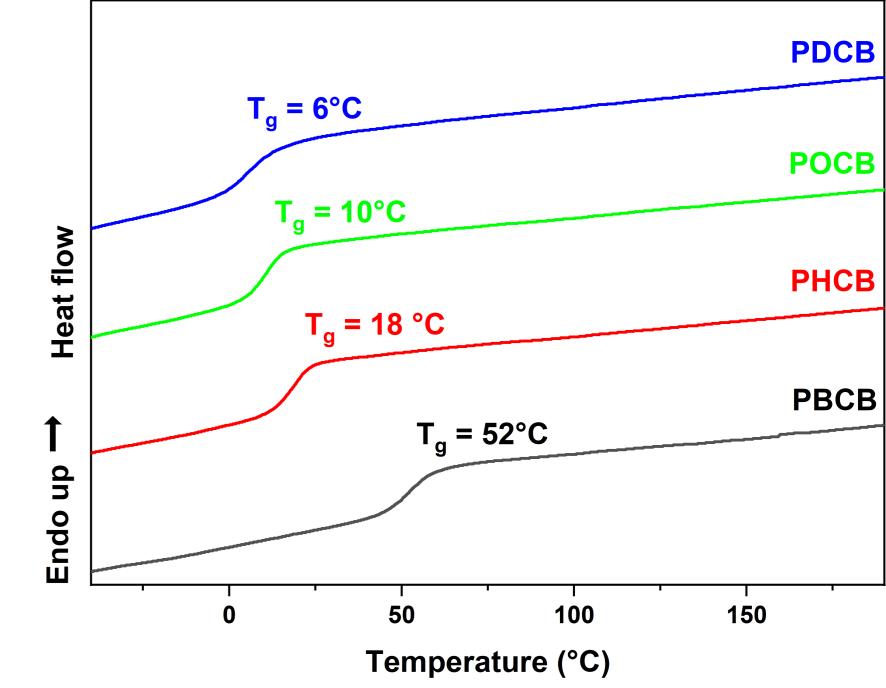
<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of the polyesters' soluble fractions



FTIR spectra of CBDA and its corresponding polyesters



<sup>13</sup>C CP/MAS NMR spectra of the polyesters



**Polymers' DSC second heating curve** 

# Summary & Outlook

- © CBDA was successfully polymerized with different diols: Achieving yields up to 66% and  $\overline{M_n}$  up to 11 225 g/mol
- 6 The synthesized polyesters displayed good thermal stability:  $T_{d50\%}$  up to 388 °C and char-forming properties
- **© Tunable thermal transitions:**  $T_a$  varying from 6 to 52 °C depending on diol length
- © The polyesters low solubility is an inherent feature of the materials: 13C CP/MAS NMR did not indicate crosslinking

#### Outlook

## **Q** Further studies on these materials are necessary

To investigate their physical and mechanical properties, and To exploit their pendant furan groups for dynamic network formation

## References

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Acknowledgements







advanced materials

