

# Amino-Functionalized Polyester Synthesis via Ring-Opening Alternating Copolymerization of Glycidylamine with Cyclic Anhydride

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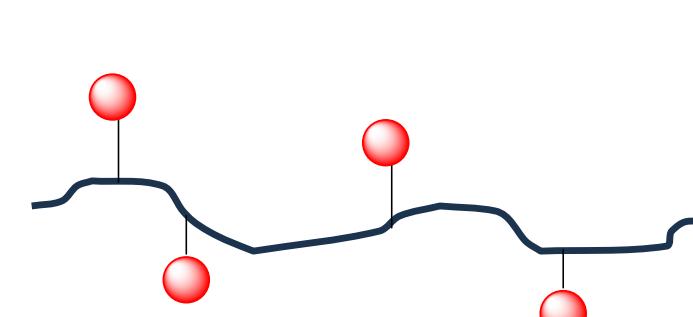
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## Introduction

### 1. Amino-functionalized polyester

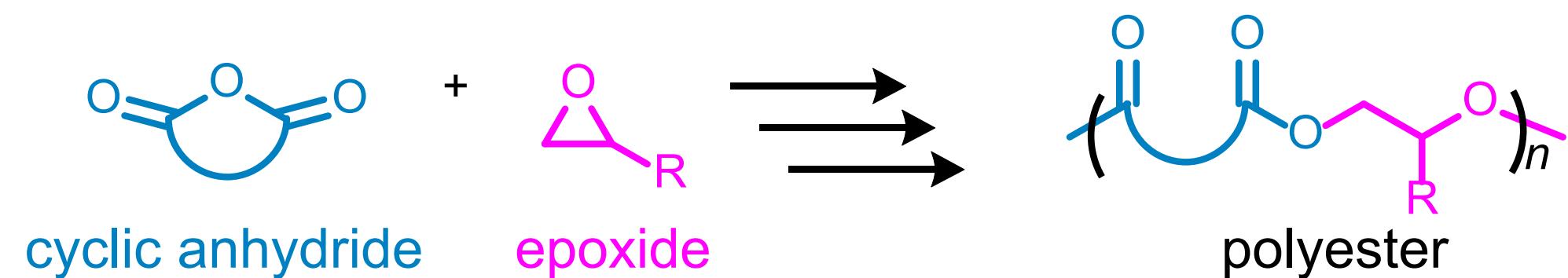


◎ bio-degradable, cationic polymer  
useful for biomaterial applications  
(drug delivery system, antibacterial coating...)

Synthesis strategy have several challenge

- Multi-step synthesis
- Poor structural diversity
- Difficult to polymerization control

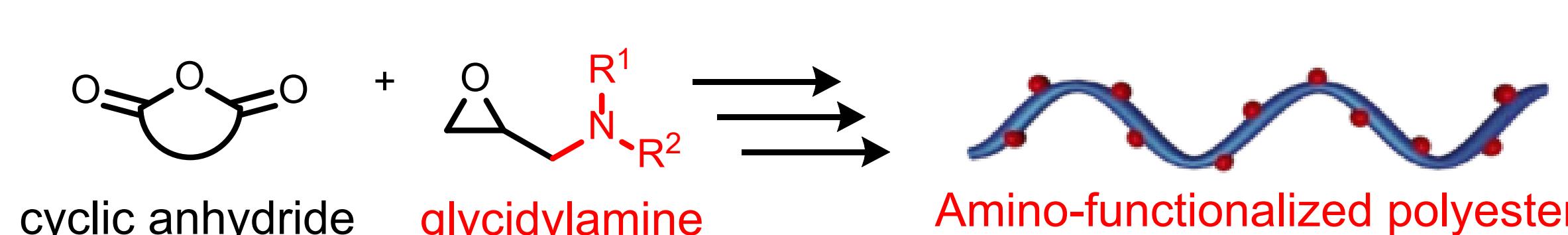
### 2. Ring-opening alternating copolymerization (ROAC)



X. Xia et al., ACS Catal., 2021, 11, 5999; X. Xia et al., Nat. Comm., 2022, 13, 1;  
X. Xia et al., J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2022, 144, 17905.

- ◎ Simple
- ◎ Broad structural diversity
- ◎ Highly controllable

### 3. This work



This work:

Establish new method for amino-functional synthesis

## Results and Discussions

### 1. Catalyst Screening

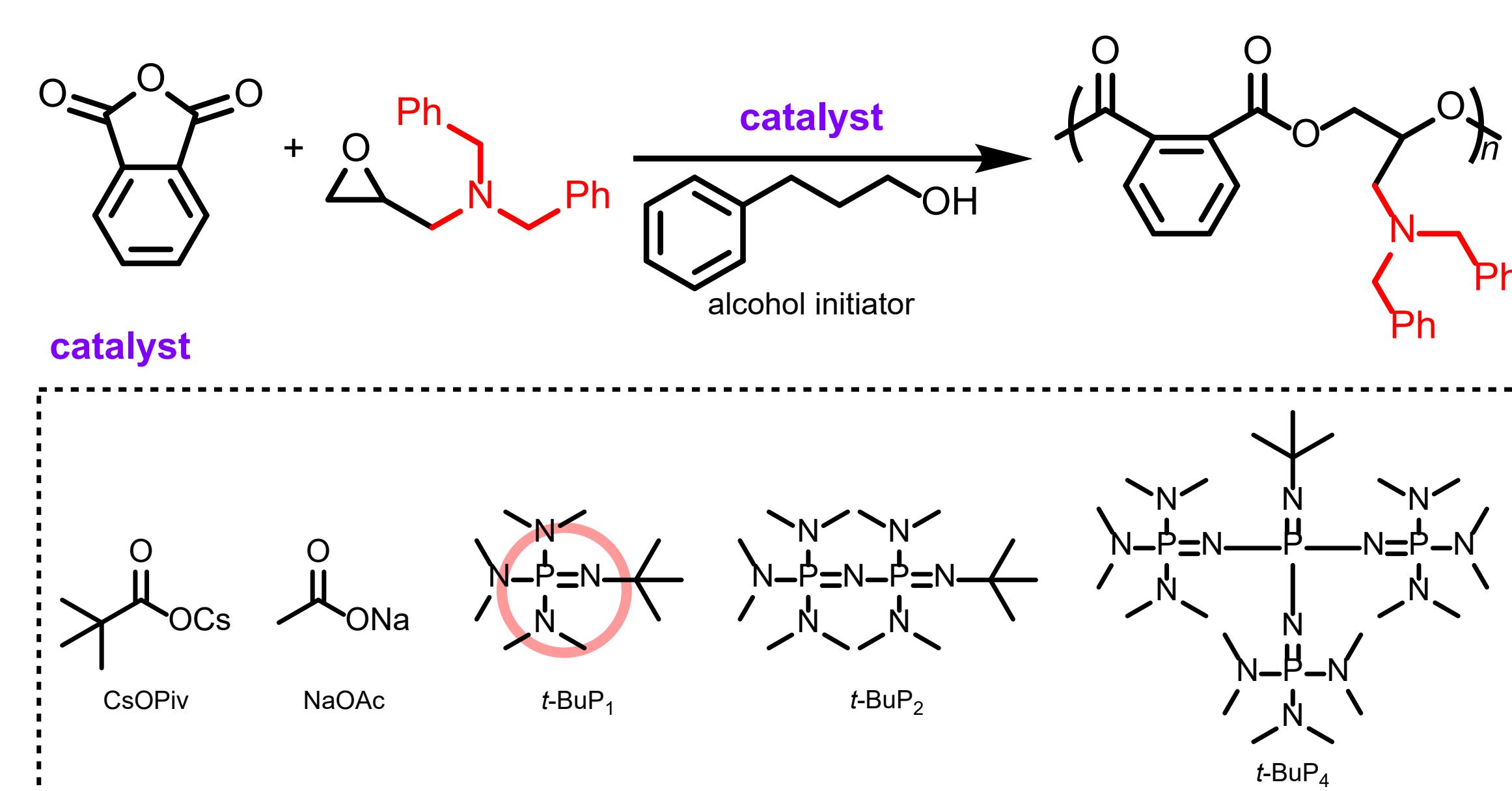
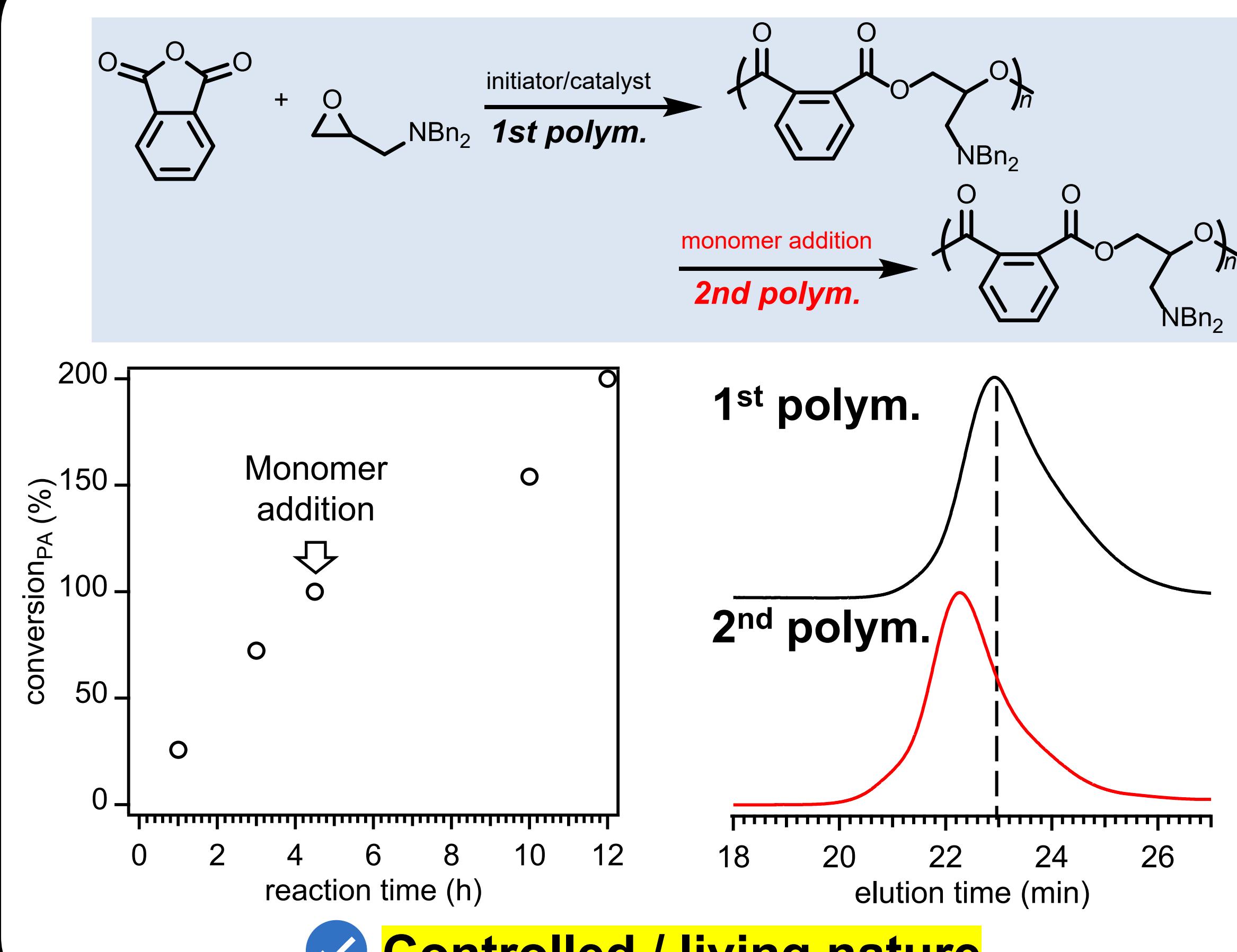


Table 1. ROAC of PA and BMGA using various catalyst<sup>a</sup>

Run	Catalyst	Time (h)	Conv. <sub>PA</sub> <sup>b</sup> (%)	$M_{n,\text{theo.}}$ <sup>c</sup>	$M_{n,\text{NMR}}$ <sup>b</sup>	$M_{n,\text{SEC}}$ <sup>d</sup>	$D$ <sup>d</sup>
1	CsOPiv	9.0	77	7,800	7,100	2,670	1.62
2	NaOAc	6.5	68	6,900	11,700	3,380	1.19
3	<i>t</i> -BuP <sub>1</sub>	2.5	80	6,900	8,000	3,760	1.10
4	<i>t</i> -BuP <sub>2</sub>	1.5	86	8,700	8,000	2,560	1.20
5	<i>t</i> -BuP <sub>4</sub>	0.8	88	9,000	8,300	3,330	1.35

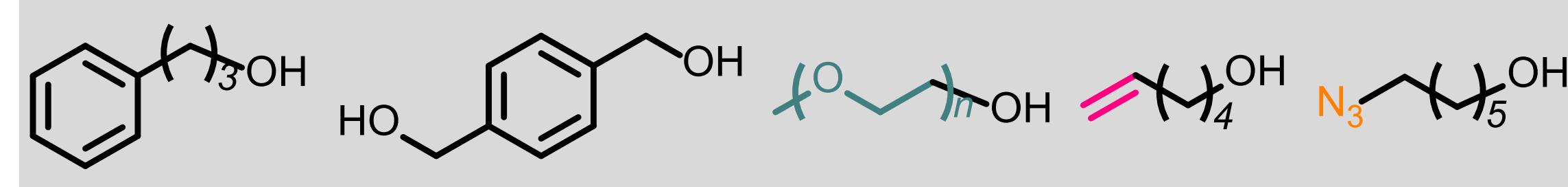
<sup>a</sup> Polymerization conditions: atmosphere, Ar; temp., 80 °C; [PPA]<sub>0</sub>/[catalyst]/[PA]<sub>0</sub>/[DBG]<sub>0</sub> = 1/1/25/75. <sup>b</sup> Determined via <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy in CDCl<sub>3</sub>. <sup>c</sup> Calculated from (M.W. of PPA) + [PA]<sub>0</sub>/[PPA]<sub>0</sub> × ((M.W. of PA) + (M.W. of DBGA)) × (conv.<sub>PA</sub>). <sup>d</sup> Determined by SEC in DMF containing 0.01 M LiCl using polystyrene standard.

### 2. Chain Extension Experiment

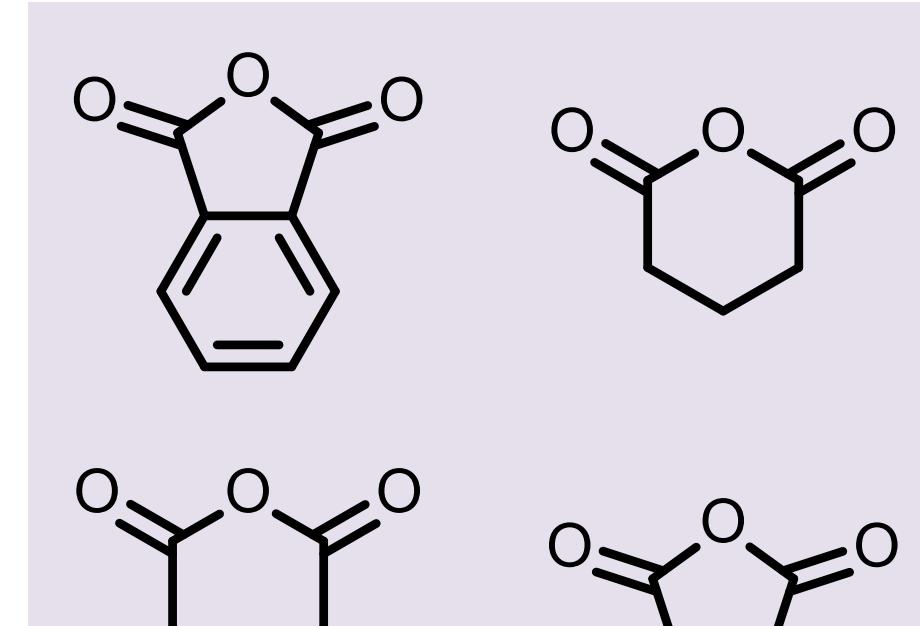


### 4. Structure diversity

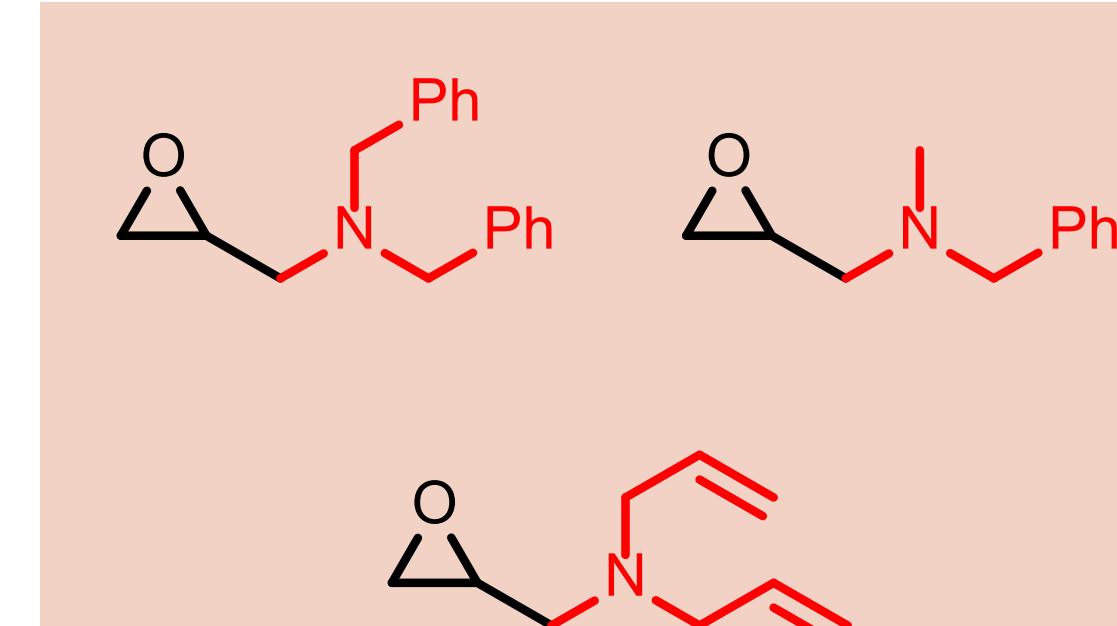
Alcohol initiator



Anhydride monomer



Glycidylamine monomer

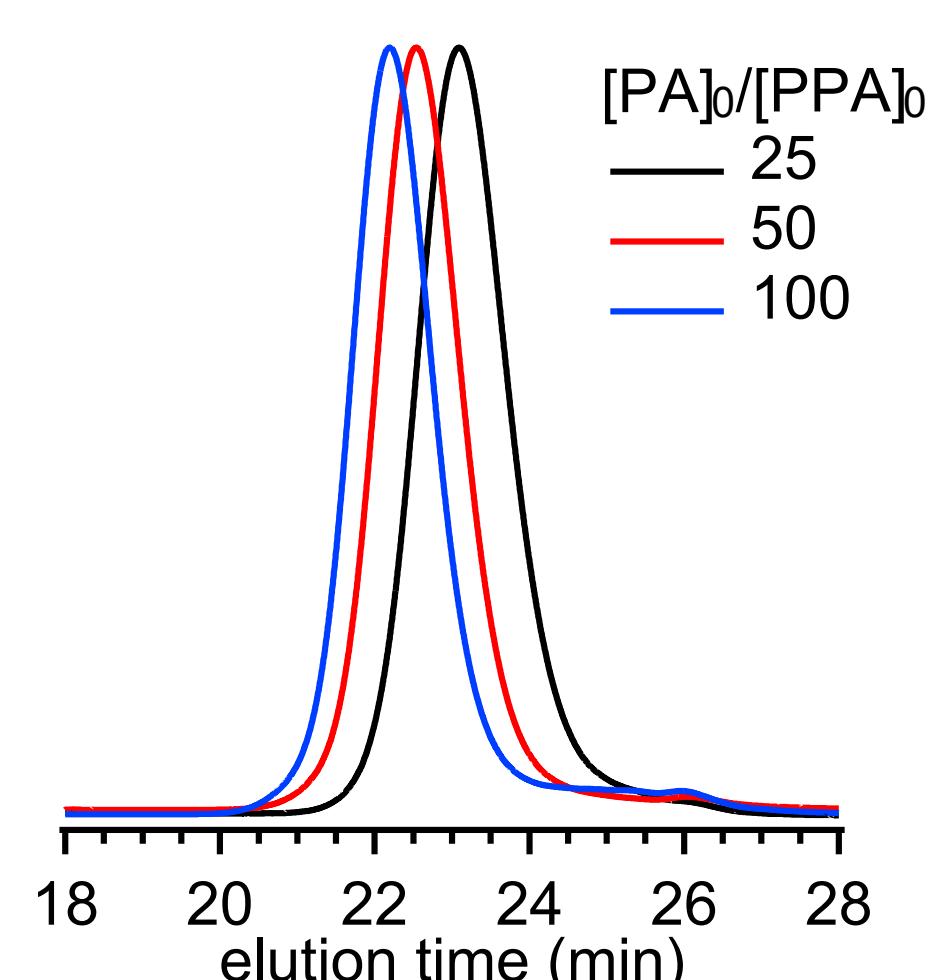


✓ Accessible to specific architecture  
(ex. Star, Block, End-functional)

✓ Tunable properties  
( $T_g$ , hydrophilicity)

### 3. Molecular weight controlled

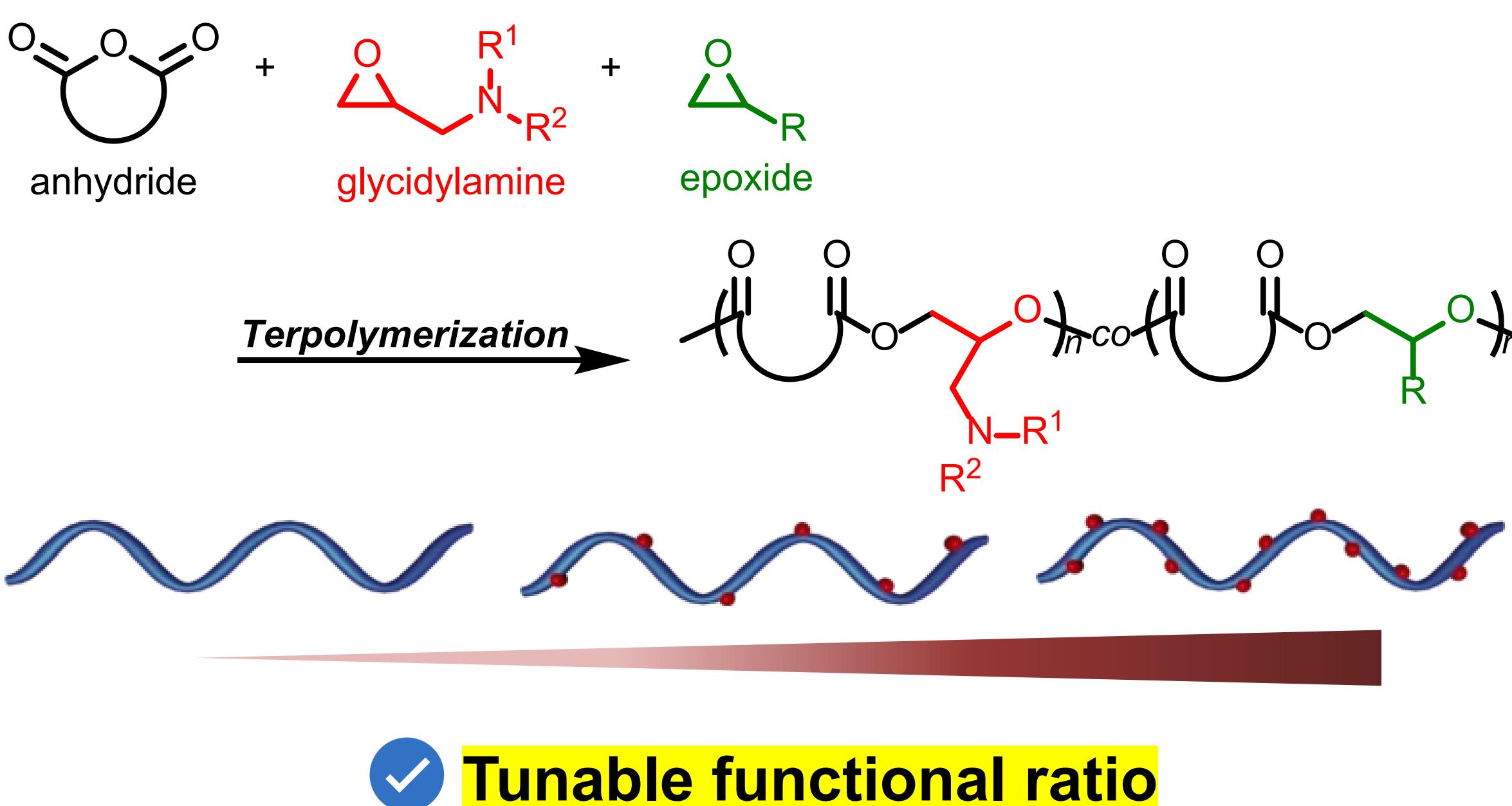
- Changing the initiator/monomer ratio



✓ Successful control over M.W.

✓ Achieved to high M.W.  
(21,000 g mol<sup>-1</sup>)

### 5. Controlled functional ratio



✓ Tunable functional ratio

## Conclusions

- ✓ We successfully synthesized amino-functional polyester via ROAC using glycidylamine.
- ✓ Our polymerization demonstrates high controllable and broad diversity of accessible structure.
- ✓ These polymers are expected to be used as antimicrobial materials, biodegradable systems, and nanocarriers for drug delivery.